Drain Separator



About Drain Separator

What is a Drain Separator ??

In a steam/air piping system, drain (water) causes problems, such as rust and water hammer. It also decreases the dryness and heat quantity content of steam and thermal efficiency in a steam system. The DS-1 and DS-2 are separators making use of centrifugal force and impact force to effectively separate drain inside piping.

Problems related to existence of drain in the piping system

Failure to properly handle drain in steam piping and air/gas systems results in various problems.

Case 1: Declined thermal efficiency

Drain in a steam system reduces the effective heat quantity (latent heat) in addition to the dryness of steam. In some situations, drain exposes an excessive load on a steam trap, making the discharge capacity insufficient. It also forms water film on the heating surface of the system, which prevents thermal conduction and reduces the system's efficiency.

Additionally, the water directly carried over from a boiler (hot water before evaporation) contains a lot of impurities, and part of them form scale that blocks thermal conduction on the heating surface.

Case 2: Outbreak of water hammer

Water is higher than steam in density and slows its velocity inside piping because of its characteristics. However, drain inside steam piping is carried by steam flowing at high velocity and may give a strong vibration or load to a valve or controlling unit when drain strikes against it. This is called water hammer and causes damage to or wear (erosion) in units.

Case 3: Formation of scale

In general, carbon steel pipes for piping are widely used for steam piping. When drain or another liquid contacts them, rust forms. It is quite likely that pressure reducing valves and other control units will malfunction due to scale, including rust.

Case 4: Drain problems in air / gas systems

Piping or valve corrosion attributable to drain causes a strainer or trap to clog, and cleaning by air blowing sometimes increases contamination against expectations.

Guidelines for Drain Separator



- Connect the drain separator horizontally to piping with the drain discharge port down.
- Place a trap under the drain discharge port.
- Set the top of the trap lower than the drain discharge port of the drain separator.
- Check the flowing direction of the fluid and the inlet and outlet directions of the drain separator in advance, and properly install it.
- This product is heavy. When connecting it to piping, securely support the product and the piping with a lifting device.
- When installing the product, secure the space of the dimension H₃ shown in the figure below, which is required for maintenance and inspections.



n Separat

| Nominal size | Нз |
|--------------|-----|
| 15A | 210 |
| 20A | 210 |
| 25A | 210 |
| 32A | 240 |
| 40A | 240 |
| 50A | 290 |
| 65A | 350 |
| 80A | 410 |
| 100A | 550 |
| | |

Nominal Size Selection Table

• Drain separator causes almost no pressure loss, so select the same size as piping size.

(kg/h)

SPG piping v = 30 m/s Saturated steam

| Nominal Pressure (MPa) | 15A | 20A | 25A | 32A | 40A | 50A | 65A | 80A | 100A |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0.05 | 18 | 33 | 55 | 92 | 125 | 202 | 334 | 471 | 803 |
| 0.1 | 24 | 44 | 72 | 120 | 164 | 265 | 437 | 617 | 1051 |
| 0.2 | 35 | 64 | 105 | 176 | 240 | 388 | 639 | 903 | 1538 |
| 0.3 | 47 | 84 | 138 | 231 | 314 | 508 | 837 | 1183 | 2015 |
| 0.4 | 58 | 104 | 170 | 285 | 387 | 627 | 1033 | 1460 | 2485 |
| 0.5 | 69 | 124 | 202 | 339 | 460 | 745 | 1227 | 1734 | 2952 |
| 0.6 | 79 | 143 | 234 | 392 | 533 | 862 | 1420 | 2006 | 3415 |
| 0.7 | 90 | 163 | 266 | 445 | 605 | 978 | 1611 | 2276 | 3876 |
| 0.8 | 101 | 182 | 297 | 498 | 676 | 1094 | 1802 | 2546 | 4335 |
| 0.9 | 112 | 201 | 329 | 551 | 748 | 1209 | 1993 | 2815 | 4793 |
| 1.0 | 122 | 220 | 360 | 603 | 819 | 1325 | 2183 | 3083 | 5250 |
| 1.1 | 133 | 240 | 392 | 655 | 890 | 1440 | 2372 | 3351 | 5707 |
| 1.2 | 144 | 259 | 423 | 708 | 961 | 1555 | 2562 | 3619 | 6162 |
| 1.3 | 154 | 278 | 454 | 760 | 1033 | 1670 | 2752 | 3887 | 6618 |
| 1.4 | 165 | 297 | 486 | 813 | 1104 | 1785 | 2941 | 4155 | 7074 |
| 1.5 | 176 | 316 | 517 | 865 | 1175 | 1900 | 3131 | 4422 | 7530 |
| 1.6 | 186 | 336 | 548 | 917 | 1246 | 2015 | 3320 | 4690 | 7986 |
| 1.7 | 197 | 355 | 580 | 970 | 1317 | 2130 | 3510 | 4958 | 8442 |
| 1.8 | 208 | 374 | 611 | 1022 | 1389 | 2246 | 3700 | 5227 | 8899 |
| 1.9 | 218 | 393 | 642 | 1075 | 1460 | 2361 | 3890 | 5496 | 9357 |
| 2.0 | 229 | 413 | 674 | 1128 | 1532 | 2477 | 4081 | 5765 | 9816 |

Drain Separator

Features of drain separator



1: High separating efficiency

As soon as steam or air flows into the drain separator, centrifugal force starts to work by the internal structure of the body. Drain swirls along the wall surface in consequence of the difference in specific gravity between it and the steam or air, and strikes against the baffle.

The drain is then guided to discharge port and released by the installed trap.

2: No pressure loss

Size of separator can be the same as piping size. Since sectional area of inside separator is larger than piping size, pressure loss is considered as zero.

3: Advantages

Improve dryness of steam

The water content of the steam will lead to have heat loss. The more dried steam gets more useful heat energy.

 Prevent problem associated with contained water or air

Water in steam or air may cause erosion on valve, valve seat and fittings due to high velocity water, and valve or piping system may fail because of rapid wear or water hammer. • Supply less wet compressed air The air compressed by compressor will be cooled at piping, cooler, or receiver tank, etc. Such resulting wetness in the air may cause corrosion in piping line and less durability of the piping system.

Maintenance-free

Since no movable parts are used inside, the drain separator is maintenance-free (except the aging of the gasket).

DS-1·2

Drain (condensate) in steam and air piping causes a decline in thermal efficiency, water hammer, corrosion of devices, valves, and pipes, and many other problems.

The DS-1 and DS-2 drain separators are capable of efficiently separating condensate from steam and air with the aid of centrifugal force generated from the configuration of the passage. In normal condition, use a separator of the same size as piping for both steam and compressed air systems.

Features

- 1. High efficient drain separation due to cyclone type.
- 2. Extremely low pressure loss.
- 3. Trouble-free by minimizing the number of moving parts.

Specifications

| Model DS-1 DS-2 Aplication Steam, Air Maximum pressure 2.0 MPa (1.0 MPa for air) Maximum pressure 2.0 MPa (1.0 MPa for air) Maximum pressure 220°C Material Body Ductile cast iron Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron Stream JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Application Steam, Air Maximum pressure 2.0 MPa (1.0 MPa for air) Maximum temperature 220°C Body Ductile cast iron Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron Utility Ductile cast iron Image: Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | | Model | DS-1 | DS-2 | | | | |
| Maximum pressure 2.0 MPa (1.0 MPa for air) Maximum temperature 220°C Material Body Ductile cast iron Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron UST JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | Ap | plication | Steam, Air | | | | | |
| Maximum temperature 220°C Material Body Ductile cast iron Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | Maxim | um pressure | 2.0 MPa (1.0 MPa for air) | | | | | |
| Body Ductile cast iron Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | Maximur | n temperature | 220°C | | | | | |
| Material Nozzle Cast iron Receiver Ductile cast iron Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | | Body | Ductile cast iron | | | | | |
| Receiver Ductile cast iron Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | Material F | Nozzle | Cast iron | | | | | |
| Connection JIS Rc screwed JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | | Receiver | Ductile cast iron | | | | | |
| | Connection | | JIS Rc screwed | JIS 10K/20K FF flanged | | | | |

Dimensions (mm) and Weights (kg)

| Model | Nominal size | d | L | Н | H1 | do | Weight |
|-------|--------------|----------|-----------|-----|-----|----------|-------------|
| | 15A | Rc 1/2 | 150 | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 7.1 |
| | 20A | Rc 3/4 | 150 | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 7.1 |
| | 25A | Rc 1 | 150 | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 7.3 |
| 03-1 | 32A | Rc 1-1/4 | 190 | 282 | 213 | Rc 1 | 12.5 |
| | 40A | Rc 1-1/2 | 190 | 282 | 213 | Rc 1 | 12.5 |
| | 50A | Rc 2 | 219 | 342 | 260 | Rc 1 | 20.5 |
| DS-2 | 15A | — | 174 (178) | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 8.5 (8.7) |
| | 20A | — | 204 (208) | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 9.6 (9.8) |
| | 25A | — | 204 (208) | 243 | 193 | Rc 3/4 | 10.1 (10.5) |
| | 32A | — | 222 (226) | 282 | 213 | Rc 1 | 15.6 (16.0) |
| | 40A | — | 242 (246) | 282 | 213 | Rc 1 | 16.3 (16.7) |
| | 50A | — | 246 (250) | 342 | 260 | Rc 1 | 24.7 (24.9) |
| | 65A | — | 288 (292) | 418 | 314 | Rc 1 | 40.0 |
| | 80A | — | 335 (343) | 484 | 361 | Rc 1-1/4 | 56.0 |
| | 100A | | 390 (402) | 594 | 445 | Rc 1-1/4 | 100.0 |

· The above values in parentheses are the dimensions and weights of JIS 20K FF flanged.











| | D | r | а | i n | S | | р | | | | | 0 | |
|--|---|---|---|-----|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
|--|---|---|---|-----|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|

Selecting a Nominal Size

Keep the instruction described below in mind to enable the drain separator to operate most effectively and meet working conditions to the fullest extent possible.

•Selecting a drain separator nominal size

Select the same nominal size as that of piping (nominal size of piping = nominal size of drain separator). Using a drain separator of a smaller nominal size may increase pressure loss, resulting in failure to keep the specified pressure at the outlet of a unit.

Table 1: Working flow velocity

| Application | Flow velocity |
|-------------|------------------|
| Steam | 30 m/sec or less |
| Air | 15 m/sec or less |

 \cdot Keep the fluid below the specified flow velocity.

· A higher flow velocity may cause drain separation to fail.

Nominal Size Selection Table

Drain separator causes almost no pressure loss, so select the same size as piping size.

SPG piping v = 30 m/s Saturated steam

| Nominal size Pressure (MPa) | 15A | 20A | 25A | 32A | 40A | 50A | 65A | 80A | 100A |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0.05 | 18 | 33 | 55 | 92 | 125 | 202 | 334 | 471 | 803 |
| 0.1 | 24 | 44 | 72 | 120 | 164 | 265 | 437 | 617 | 1051 |
| 0.2 | 35 | 64 | 105 | 176 | 240 | 388 | 639 | 903 | 1538 |
| 0.3 | 47 | 84 | 138 | 231 | 314 | 508 | 837 | 1183 | 2015 |
| 0.4 | 58 | 104 | 170 | 285 | 387 | 627 | 1033 | 1460 | 2485 |
| 0.5 | 69 | 124 | 202 | 339 | 460 | 745 | 1227 | 1734 | 2952 |
| 0.6 | 79 | 143 | 234 | 392 | 533 | 862 | 1420 | 2006 | 3415 |
| 0.7 | 90 | 163 | 266 | 445 | 605 | 978 | 1611 | 2276 | 3876 |
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| 1.0 | 122 | 220 | 360 | 603 | 819 | 1325 | 2183 | 3083 | 5250 |
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(kg/h)